

Let $EMPTY = \{e : W_e = \emptyset\}$ (indices of TMs which accept \emptyset).

is $EMPTY$ recursive?

is it r.e.?

Claim 1: \overline{EMPTY} is R.e. (just simulate on all inputs in dovetailing fashion).

Claim 3: $EMPTY$ is not r.e. (using fact that it's not recursive).

Recall $K = \{e : M_e(e) \downarrow\}$.

Claim 2: $K \leq_m \overline{EMPTY}$. given $e \in \omega$, construct a TM M that does the following on x :

Simulate $M_e(e)$, if it accepts then reject x , else accept x . (DOESNT WORK)

Simulate $M_e^x(e)$, if it accepts then accept x
else reject x

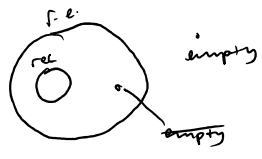
Let $f(e)$ be the index of M_e . ^{now f is Turing computable} and if $e \in K$ then
 $\forall x f(e) = \emptyset$ so $f(e) \notin \overline{EMPTY}$ & if $e \notin K$ then
 $f(e) \in \overline{EMPTY}$.

$e \in K \iff \exists x [M_e^x(e) \downarrow] \Rightarrow M$ accepts something $\Rightarrow f(e) \notin \overline{EMPTY}$

$e \notin K \Rightarrow \forall x [M_e^x(e) \uparrow] \Rightarrow M$ doesn't accept $\Rightarrow f(e) \in \overline{EMPTY}$

f is clearly Turing cptble.

So since $K \leq_m \overline{\text{EMPTY}}$, $\overline{\text{EMPTY}}$ is not recursive
 so EMPTY is not recursive & so since
 $\overline{\text{EMPTY}}$ is r.e., EMPTY is not r.e.



In fact, it's easier: Just use $M_e(e) \downarrow$ instead of $M_e^x(e) \downarrow$.
 to get same result in Claim 2.

Let $L_{12} = \{e : |w_e| = 12\}$

Is L_{12} recursive?

Is L_{12} r.e.?

$L_{\geq 12}$ is r.e. (double indexing)

Is $\overline{L_{12}}$ r.e.?

Claim: $K \leq_m \overline{L_{12}} = L_{\geq 12}$

Proof: given e , construct a TM M that does (given input x):

If $x \in \{1, 2, \dots, 12\}$ accept x .

else: if $M_e(e) \downarrow$ then accept x .
else reject x .

let $f(e)$ be index of M . $e \in K \Leftrightarrow f(e) \notin L_{12}$

Claim 2: $K \leq_m L_{12}$

Proof given e , construct a TM M that does (given input x):

if $x \notin \{1, 2, \dots, 12\}$ reject x
else if $M_e(e) \downarrow$ accept x
else reject x

let $f(e)$ be index of M . f is computable

$e \in K \Rightarrow M$ accepts $\{1, 2, \dots, 12\} \Rightarrow f(e) \in L_{12}$

$e \notin K \Rightarrow M$ rejects all $\Rightarrow f(e) \notin L_{12}$

So L_{12} is not recursive.

$\overline{K} \leq L_{12}$, $\overline{K} \leq \overline{L_{12}}$ so L_{12} , $\overline{L_{12}}$ aren't r.e.

Using $A \leq_m B \Leftrightarrow \overline{A} \leq_m \overline{B}$